We claim:

1. A compound of Formula I:

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 $[\NA]_n$  is a chelator selected from the group consisting of: DTPA (n= 1), (TTHA) (n=2), and a polycarboxylate derivative of DTPA or TTHA, which chelates a lanthanide metal cation;

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R1 is selected from the group consisting of: phenones and quinolines; and R2 is selected from the group consisting of: OH, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>PhNH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>PhNH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>PhNCS; wherein n is 1-6.

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2. A compound according to Claim T wherein R1 is selected from the following group: aminoacetophenones (AAP), aminobenzophenones (ABP), aminofluorenones (AF), aminoxantones (AX), amino-azaxanthones (AAX), aminoacridones (AAC), and aminoquinolines (AQ):

wherein R3 and R4 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, OH, NH<sub>2</sub>, COCH<sub>3</sub>, COPh, OPh, NHPh, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, and CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>.

5 3. A compound according to claim I wherein R1 is selected from the following group:

2ACBAX

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2ACEAX

- 4. A compound according to Claim  $\leftarrow$  wherein  $[\N\Lambda]_n$  is DTPA (n=1).
- 5. A compound according to Claim 1 wherein the lanthanide metal cation is selected from the group consisting of: Tb III, Eu III, Sm III, and Dy III
- 6. A compound according to Claim 5 wherein the lanthanide metal cation is selected from the group consisting of: Eu III or To III.
  - 7. A method for using a compound of Formula I:

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wherein:

 $[NA]_n$  is a chelator selected from the group consisting of: DTPA (n= 1), (TTHA) (n=2), and a polycarboxylate derivative of DTPA or TTHA, which chelates a lanthanide metal cation;

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R1 is selected from the group consisting of: phenones and quinolines; and R2 is selected from the group consisting of: OH, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>PhNH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>PhOH, NHCH(CO<sub>2</sub>H)CH<sub>2</sub>PhNH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>PhNCS; wherein n is 1/6;

in fluorescence detection-based techniques or bioassays comprising the steps of:

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- a. labelling an aliquot comprising donor biomolecules selected from the group consisting of: peptides, proteins, deoxyribonucleic acids (DNAs), ribonucleic acids (RNAs), enzyme substrates, and ligand molecules with a compound of Formula I by a linking reaction with linker R2 to provide a labelled biomolecule assay cample;
- b. adding a suitable amount of a suitable organic dye to the labelled biomolecule assay sample;
- c. exciting the labelled biomolecule assay sample in a suitable fluorescence instrument to provide a fluorescense emission for quantitation.
- 10 8. A method according to Claim 7 wherein said organic dye is selected from the group consisting of but not limited to: hodamine, allophycocyanin (APC) and indodicarbocyanin (CY-5),
  - 9. A kit for fluorescence detection-based techniques or bioassays comprising:
- a. a suitable amount of a compound of Formula I; and
  - b. a suitable amount of organic dye.
  - 10. A kit according to Claim 9 wherein said organic dye is selected from the group consisting of but not limited to: rhodamine, allophycocyanin (APC) and indodicarbocyanin (CY-5).

